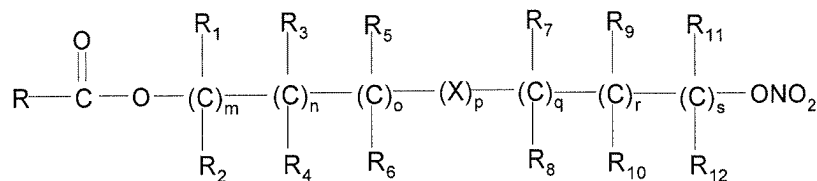


## Amendments to the Claims

Claim 1. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of general formula (A)



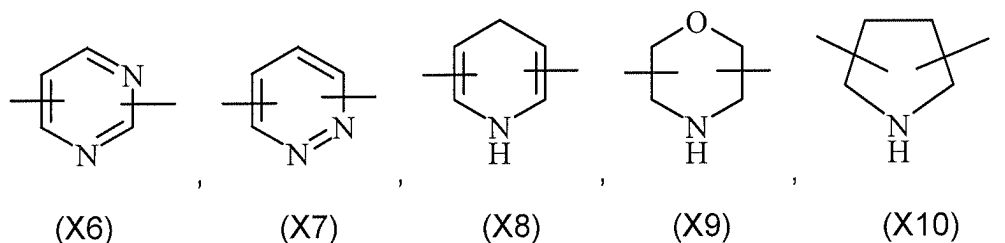
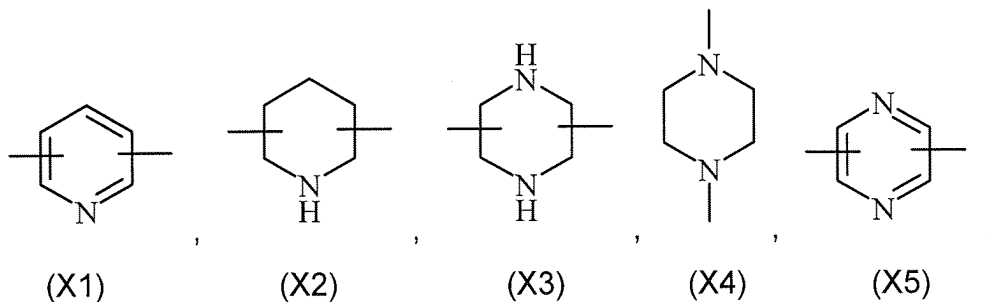
(A)

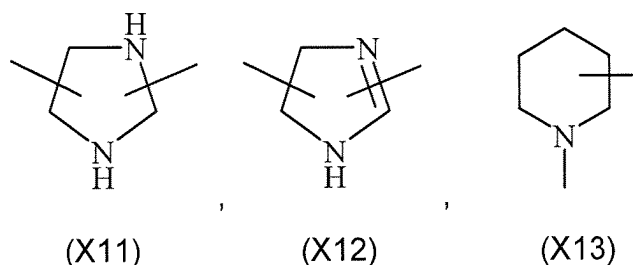
wherein R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>12</sub> are the same or different and independently are hydrogen, straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, optionally substituted with aryl;

m, n, o, q, r and s are each independently an integer from 0 to 6, and p is 0 or 1, and

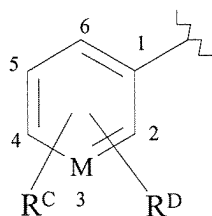
X is O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>13</sub> or PR<sub>13</sub>, in which R<sub>13</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, or X is selected from the group consisting of:

- saturated or unsaturated C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylene, optionally substituted with one or more straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl groups;
- arylene, optionally substituted with one or more halogen atoms, straight or branched alkyl groups containing from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or a straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> perfluoroalkyl;
- a 5 or 6 member saturated, unsaturated, or aromatic heterocyclic ring selected from

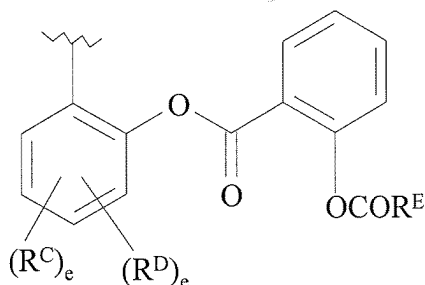




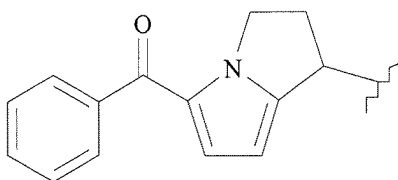
and R is the radical of a pharmacologically active compound selected from the group consisting of:



(I)



(II)



(III)

wherein M is a carbon or nitrogen atom;

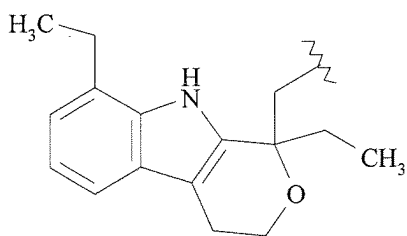
$R^C$  is selected from: H, OH,  $NH_2$ ,  $R^ECONH-$ ,  $R^ECOO-$ , an heterocyclic residue with 5 or 6 atoms that may be aromatic, saturated or unsaturated, containing one or more heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur, and phenylamino ( $PhNH-$ ), in which the aromatic ring may be substituted with one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, straight or branched  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl and straight or if

possible branched perfluoroalkyl;

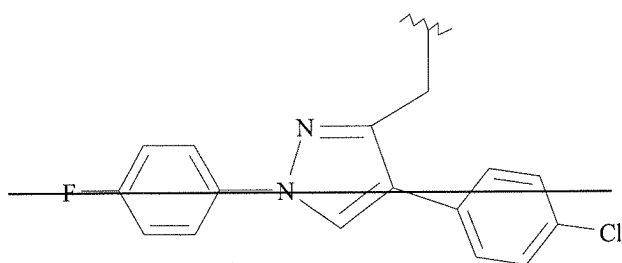
e is 0 or 1;

$R^E$  is selected from the group consisting of straight or branched  $C_1$ - $C_5$ -alkyl, phenyl substituted with  $OCOR^F$ , wherein  $R^F$  is selected from the group consisting of methyl, ethyl or straight or branched  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkyl or phenyl;

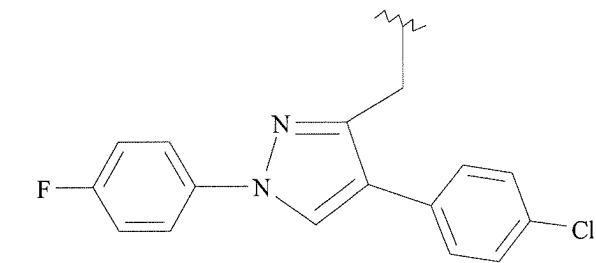
$R^D$  is selected from: H, OH, halogen,  $-NH_2$ , straight or branched  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy, perfluoroalkyl having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms and mono or di- $(C_1$ - $C_6)$ alkylamino; with the proviso that  $R^C$  and  $R^D$  cannot both be H;



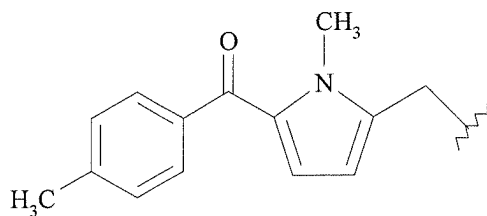
(IV)



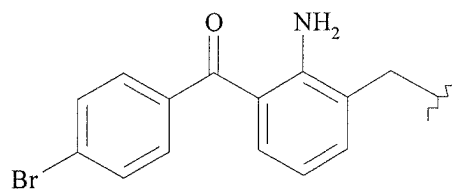
(IV)



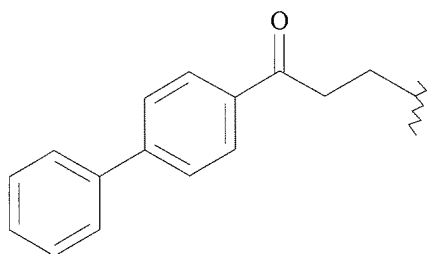
(V)



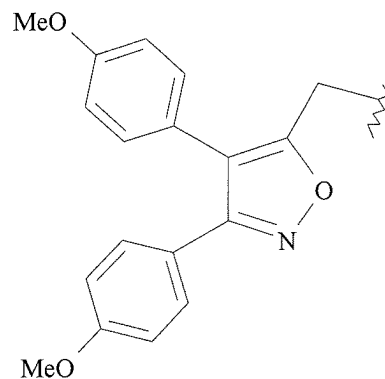
(VI)



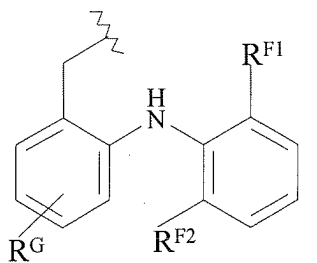
(VII)



(VIII)

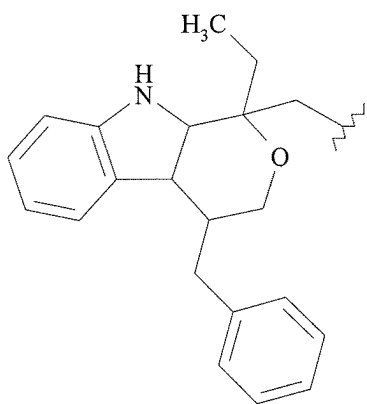


(IX)

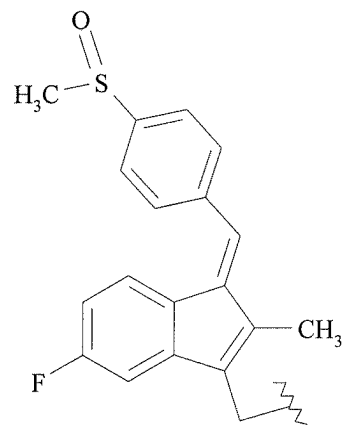


(X)

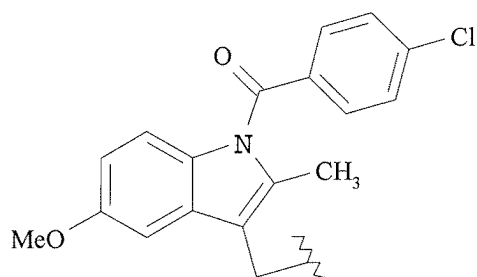
wherein  $R^{F1}$  and  $R^{F2}$  are halogens selected from chlorine, fluorine or bromine,  $R^G$  is hydrogen, straight or branched  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl;



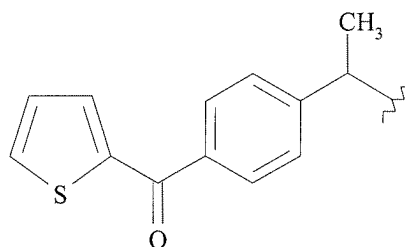
(XI)



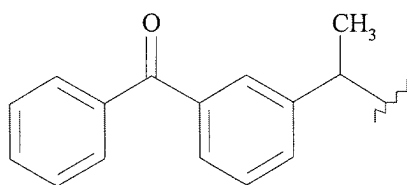
(XII)



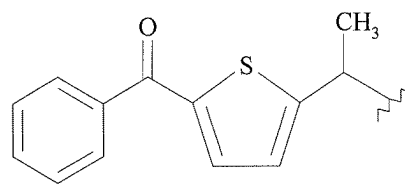
(XIII)



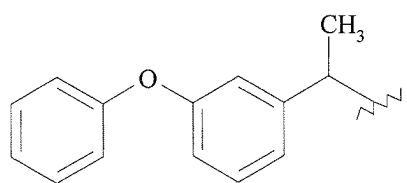
(XIV)



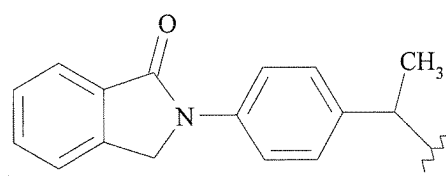
(XV)



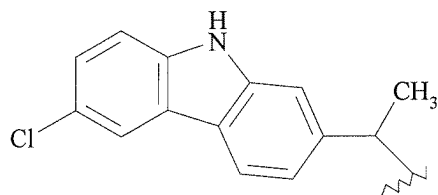
(XVI)



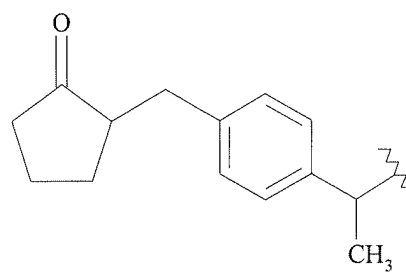
(XVII)



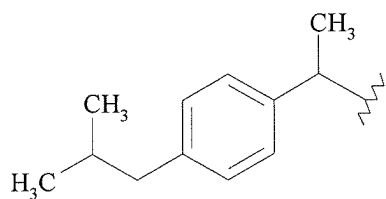
(XVIII)



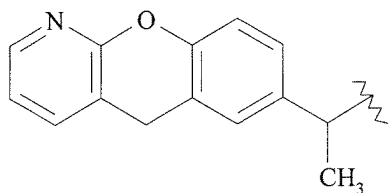
(XIX)



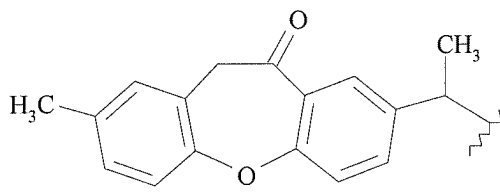
(XXI)



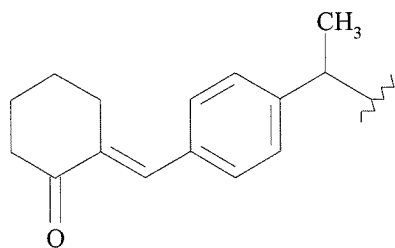
(XXII)



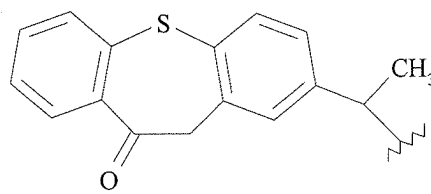
(XXIII)



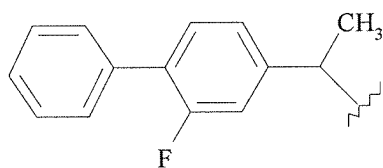
(XXIV)



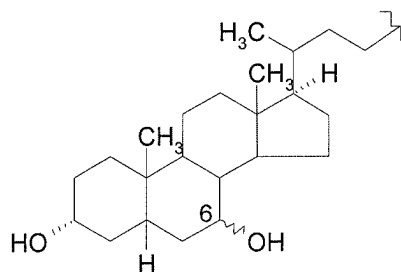
(XXV)



(XXVI)

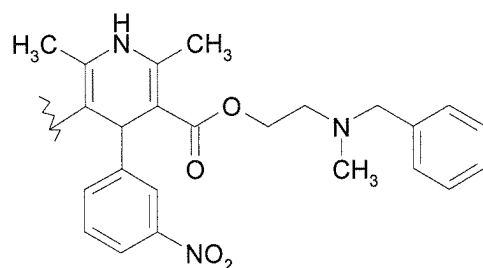


(XXVII)

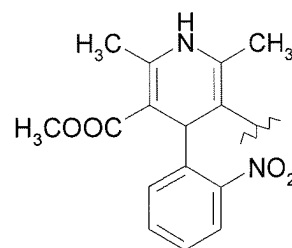


(XXVIII)

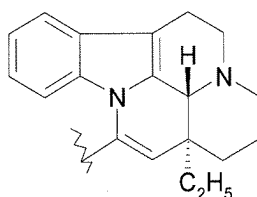
wherein the bond at 6 position in formula (XXVIII) may be  $\alpha$  or  $\beta$ ;



(XXIX)



(XXX)



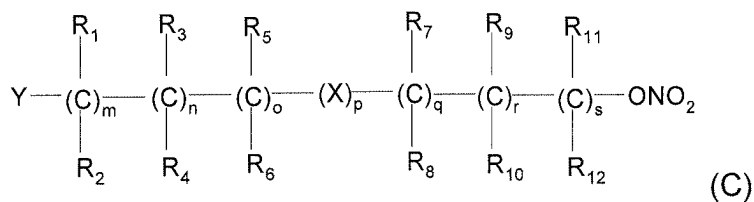
(XXXI)

and wherein in all the formulae (I-XXXI) listed above, the wavy line represents the position wherein  $\text{--COO--}$  group is bound;

said process comprising reacting a compound of formula (B)



wherein R is as above defined and Z is hydrogen or a cation selected from  $\text{Li}^+$ ,  $\text{Na}^+$ ,  $\text{K}^+$ ,  $\text{Ca}^{++}$ ,  $\text{Mg}^{++}$ , tetralkylammonium, tetralkylphosphonium, with a compound of formula (C)



wherein  $R_1$ - $R_{12}$  and m,n,o,p,q,r,s are as defined above and

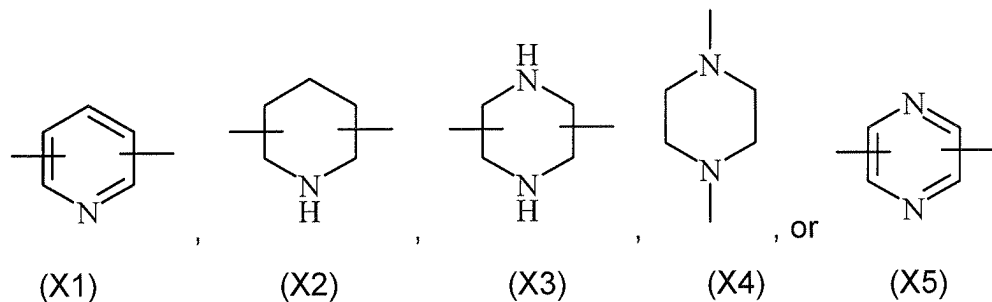
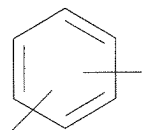
Y is  $R_A\text{SO}_3^-$ , in which  $R_A$  is a straight or branched  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, optionally substituted with one or more halogen atoms, or a  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylaryl.

Claim 2. (Previously Presented, withdrawn) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to claim 1 wherein:

the substituents  $R_1$ - $R_{12}$  are the same or different and independently are hydrogen or straight or branched  $C_1$ - $C_3$  alkyl,

m, n, o, p, q, r and s are as defined above,

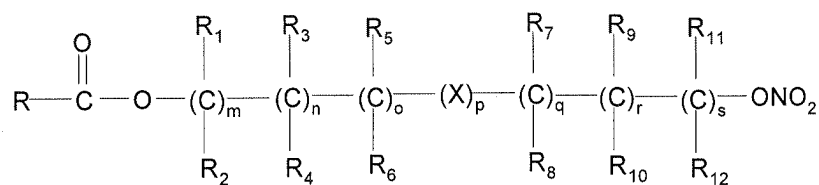
X is O, S or



Claim 3. (Previously Presented) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to claim 1 wherein  $R_1$ - $R_4$  and  $R_7$ - $R_{10}$  are hydrogens; m, n, q, and r are 1; o and s are 0; p is 0 or 1; and X is O or S.

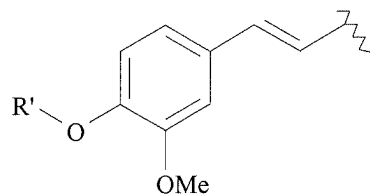
Claim 4. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A)





(A)

wherein R is the [[the]] ferulic acid radical of formula (XXXII):



(XXXII)

wherein R' is H, or a group R(CO)-, in which R is as above identified;

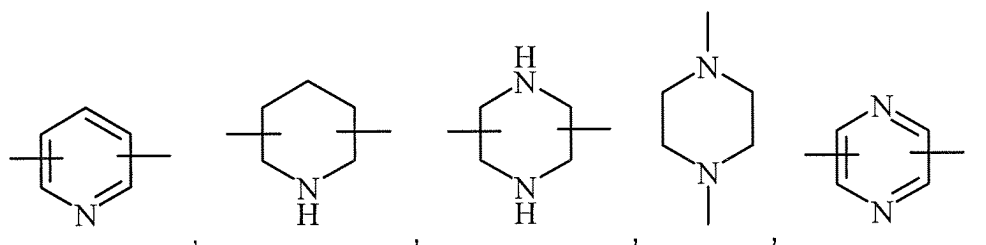
and wherein the wavy line represents the position wherein a -COO group is bound;

R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>12</sub> are the same or different and independently are hydrogen, straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, optionally substituted with aryl;

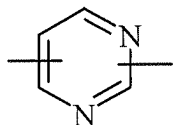
m, n, o, q, r and s are each independently an integer from 0 to 6, and p is 0 or 1, and

X is O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>13</sub> or PR<sub>13</sub>, in which R<sub>13</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, or X is selected from the group consisting of:

- saturated or unsaturated C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylene, optionally substituted with one or more straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl groups;
- arylene, optionally substituted with one or more halogen atoms, straight or branched alkyl groups containing from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or a straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> perfluoroalkyl;
- a 5 or 6 member saturated, unsaturated, or aromatic heterocyclic ring selected from

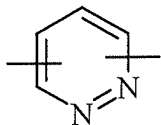


(X1)



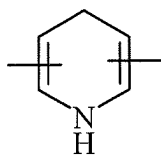
(X6)

(X2)



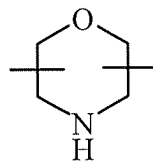
(X7)

(X3)



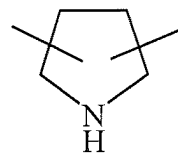
(X8)

(X4)

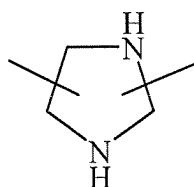


(X9)

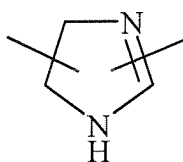
(X5)



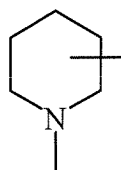
(X10)



(X11)



(X12)

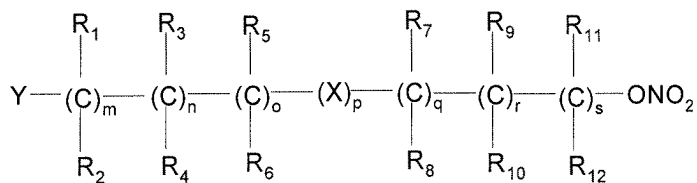


(X13)

said process comprising reacting a compound of formula (B):



wherein R is as above defined and Z is hydrogen or a cation selected from  $\text{Li}^+$ ,  $\text{Na}^+$ ,  $\text{K}^+$ ,  $\text{Ca}^{++}$ ,  $\text{Mg}^{++}$ , tetralkylammonium, tetralkylphosphonium, with a compound of formula (C):



(C)

wherein  $\text{R}_1$ - $\text{R}_{12}$  and  $m, n, o, p, q, r, s$  are as defined above and

Y is selected from

- Br, Cl or I;

$-\text{BF}_4$ ,  $-\text{SbF}_6$ ,  $[[\text{FSO}_3^-]]$   $\text{FSO}_3^-$ ,  $[[\text{R}_\text{A}\text{SO}_3^-]]$   $\text{R}_\text{A}\text{SO}_3^-$ , in which  $\text{R}_\text{A}$  is a straight or branched  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkyl, optionally substituted with one or more halogen atoms, or a  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkylaryl;  
 $\text{R}_\text{B}\text{COO}^-$ , wherein  $\text{R}_\text{B}$  is straight or branched  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkyl, aryl, optionally substituted with one or more halogen atoms or  $\text{NO}_2$  groups,  $\text{C}_4$ - $\text{C}_{10}$  heteroaryl and containing one or more heteroatoms, which are the same or different, selected from nitrogen, oxygen sulfur and phosphorus;  
aryloxy optionally substituted with one or more halogen atoms or  $\text{NO}_2$  groups, or heteroaryloxy.

Claim 5. (Canceled).

Claim 6. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to claim 1 or 4, wherein Y is selected from the group consisting of Br, Cl, I,  $-\text{BF}_4$ ,  $-\text{SbF}_6$ ,  $\text{FSO}_3^-$ ,  $\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_3^-$ ,  $\text{C}_2\text{F}_5\text{SO}_3^-$ ,  $\text{C}_3\text{F}_7\text{SO}_3^-$ ,  $\text{C}_4\text{F}_9\text{SO}_3^-$ ,  $p\text{-CH}_3\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{SO}_3^-$ .

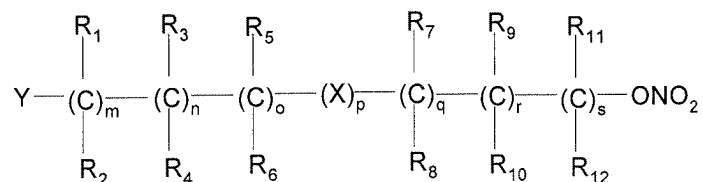
Claim 7. (Previously Presented) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to claim 1 or 4, wherein the reaction is performed in an organic solvent selected from acetone, tetrahydrofuran, dimethylformamide, N-methylpyrrolidone, sulfolane and acetonitrile.

Claim 8. (Previously Presented) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to claim 1 or 4, wherein the reaction is performed in a biphasic system comprising an aprotic dipolar solvent selected from toluene, chlorobenzene, nitrobenzene, tert-butyl-methylether and a water solution wherein the organic solution contains (C) and the water solution contain an alkaline metal salt of (B), in presence of a phase transfer catalyst.

Claim 9. (Previously Presented) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to claim 1 or 4, wherein the reaction is performed at a temperature ranging from 0°C to 100°C.

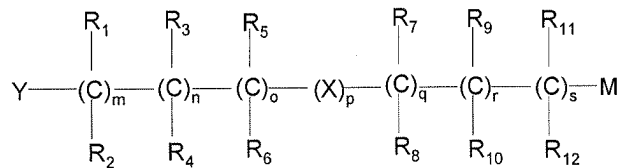
Claim 10. (Previously Presented) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to claim 1 wherein the compounds of formula B and C are reacted at a (B)/(C) molar ratio of 2-0.5.

Claim 11. (Previously Presented, withdrawn) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C)



(C)

wherein  $R_1$ - $R_{12}$ , m, n, o, p, q, r, s, X, Y are as defined in claim 1, comprising reacting a compound of the following formula (D)



(D)

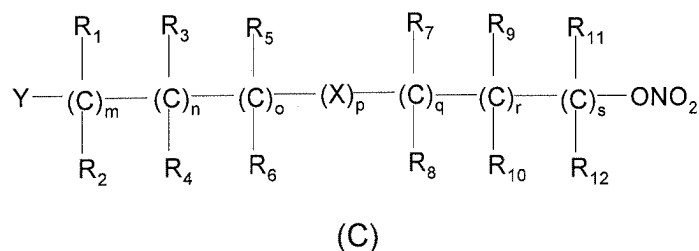
wherein M is OH and the other substituents and indices are as above defined, with a nitrating agent.

Claim 12. (Previously Presented, withdrawn) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C), according to claim 11 wherein the nitrating agent is sulfonitric mixture.

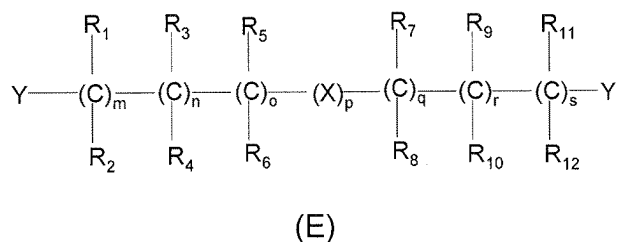
Claim 13. (Previously Presented, withdrawn) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C), according to claim 11 wherein the compound (D) and the nitrating agent are at molar ratio of 2-0.5.

Claim 14. (Previously Presented, withdrawn) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C), according to claim 11 wherein the reaction is performed at a temperature ranging from 0°C to 100°C.

Claim 15. (Previously Presented, withdrawn) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C)



wherein  $R_1$ - $R_{12}$ ,  $m$ ,  $n$ ,  $o$ ,  $p$ ,  $q$ ,  $r$ ,  $s$ ,  $X$ ,  $Y$  are as defined in claim 1, comprising reacting a compound of the following formula (E),



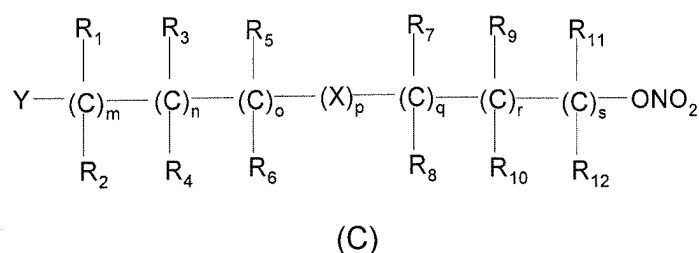
wherein  $R_1$ - $R_{12}$ ,  $m$ ,  $n$ ,  $o$ ,  $p$ ,  $q$ ,  $r$ ,  $s$ ,  $X$ ,  $Y$  are as defined above with a nitrating agent.

Claim 16. (Previously Presented, withdrawn) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C), according to claim 15, wherein the nitrating agent is selected from alkaline metal nitrates, quaternary ammonium nitrates, quaternary phosphonium nitrates,  $AgNO_3$ ,  $Zn(NO_3)_2 \cdot 6H_2O$ .

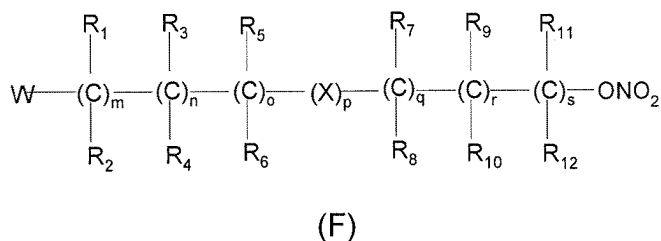
Claim 17. (Previously Presented, withdrawn) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C), according to claim 15, wherein the compound of formula (E) and the nitrating agent are at molar ratio of 20:2.

Claim 18. (Previously Presented, withdrawn) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C), according to claim 15, wherein the reaction is performed at a temperature ranging from 0°C to 100°C.

Claim 19. (Previously Presented, withdrawn) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C)



wherein  $R_1$ - $R_{12}$ ,  $m$ ,  $n$ ,  $o$ ,  $p$ ,  $q$ ,  $r$ ,  $s$ ,  $X$ ,  $Y$  are as defined in claim 1, comprising reacting a compound of the following formula (F),

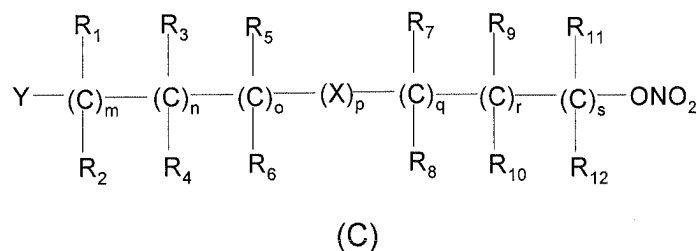


wherein  $R_1$ - $R_{12}$ ,  $m$ ,  $n$ ,  $o$ ,  $p$ ,  $q$ ,  $r$ ,  $s$ ,  $X$ , are as defined above,  $W$  is OH or halogen, with a compound selected from alkanoylsulfonylchloride and trifluoromethansulfonic anhydride when  $W$  is OH or with  $AgSbF_6$ ,  $AgBF_4$ ,  $AgClO_4$ ,  $CF_3SO_3Ag$ ,  $AgSO_3CH_3$ ,  $CH_3C_6H_4SO_3Ag$  when  $W$  is halogen.

Claim 20. (Original, withdrawn) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C) according to claim 19 wherein the compound (F) and the nitrating agent are at molar ratio of 2:0.5.

Claim 21. (Previously Presented, withdrawn) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C), according to claim 19, wherein the reaction is performed at a temperature ranging from 0°C to 100°C.

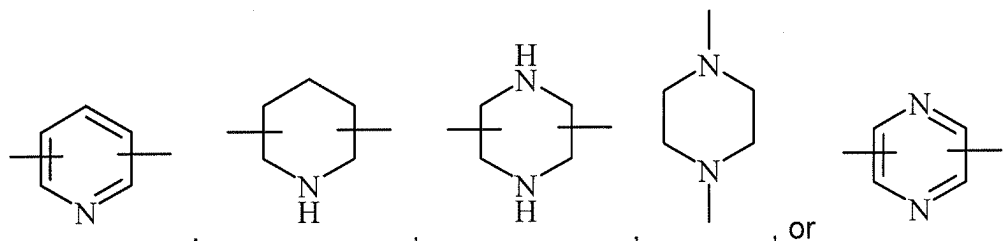
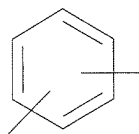
Claim 22. (Previously Presented, withdrawn) A compound of formula (C)



wherein  $R_1$ - $R_{12}$ ,  $m$ ,  $n$ ,  $o$ ,  $p$ ,  $q$ ,  $r$ ,  $s$ ,  $X$ ,  $Y$  are as defined in claim 1 with the proviso that  $Y$  is not halogen.

Claim 23. (Previously Presented, withdrawn) A process for preparing carboxylic acid nitrooxyalkyl derivatives of formula (A) of claim 19, comprising using nitrooxyalkyl derivatives of general formula (C).

Claim 24. (Previously Presented) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to claim 4, wherein  $R_1$ - $R_{12}$  are the same or different and independently are hydrogen or a straight or branched  $C_1$ - $C_3$  alkyl,  
 $m$ ,  $n$ ,  $o$ ,  $p$ ,  $q$ ,  $r$  and  $s$  are as defined above,  
 $X$  is O, S or



(X1)

(X2)

(X3)

(X4)

(X5)

Claim 25. (Previously Presented) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to claim 4, wherein  $R_1$ - $R_4$  and  $R_7$ - $R_{10}$  are hydrogens; m, n, q and r are 1; o and s are 0; p is 0 or 1; and X is O or S.

Claim 26. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to claim 4, wherein in the compound of formula  $[(B)]$  (C), Y is Br.

Claim 27. (New) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to claim 1, wherein Y is selected from the group consisting of  $CF_3SO_3^-$ ,  $C_2F_5SO_3^-$ ,  $C_3F_7SO_3^-$ ,  $C_4F_9SO_3^-$ , and  $p-CH_3C_6H_4SO_3^-$ .